| ABBREVIATIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ```A - Alexandrine MS, of Septur- gint. \\ \(\mathrm{ABA}=\) Abhandlungen d . Berliner Akademie d. Wissenachaften. \\ abs. -absolute. \\ abstr. = abstract. \\ Abulf \(=\) Abulfeda. \\ Ac =Academy (London).``` | B $=$ Vatican MS, of Septuagint. | $\mathrm{Bi}=$ G. Bickell. |
|  |  | $\mathrm{BI}=\mathrm{F}$. Bleek. |
|  | Erkkärung des Jessiac | $\mathrm{Bla}=$ J. S. Bl |
|  | $\mathrm{Ba}^{\mathrm{Es}}=1 \mathrm{~d} .$, Etymologische Studien; $\mathrm{Ba}^{\mathrm{NB}}=I d_{\text {. }}$ No- | Bloch ${ }^{(G 1)}=$ A. Bloch, Phönixischee Glossar. |
|  | minalbildung. <br> $\mathrm{Bä}=\mathrm{K}$. C. Bähr. | Bmg =A. J. Baumgar |
|  |  | Bo $=\mathrm{S}$. Bochart. $\quad \mathrm{Bo}^{\text {H/maser }}=I d_{\text {d, }}$, |
|  | Bab. =Babylonian. |  |
| acc. = accusative (direct obj. etc.). <br> acc. $\operatorname{cog}$ n. acc. of cognate meaning | Bacher = W. Bacher. Bacher ${ }^{\text {Terminal. }}$ =Id., Álteste Terminologie der jüdischen Schriftauslegung. <br> Bachm=J. Bachmann. | $=I d$., Lehrbuch d. Hebr. Sprache; Bö̀̈, or KA . $=I \boldsymbol{I d}_{\text {. }}$ À hrenlese, or NeveÄ hren |
| with verb. |  | lese; $\mathrm{Bo}^{\text {com, }}=\mathrm{Il}$., De |
| acc. pers, $=$ acc. of perso ace, rei $=$ acc, of thing. | Bäd $=$ K. Bädeker. Bäd ${ }^{\text {ras. }}=$ Bädeker's Egypt; Bäd ${ }^{\text {Pal }}=$ | ; $\mathrm{Bo}^{\text {artob }}=1 \mathrm{ld} ., \mathrm{S}$ Pro- |
| acc, rei $=$ acc, of thing acc. to $=$ according to. |  | alttent. Schrifterkle. |
| act. =active, | Bre -F. Baethgen. Bae ${ }^{\text {Eiol. }}$, or Bae ${ }^{\mathrm{Sem} . \text { Rel. }}=$ Beitrage zur Semitischen Religionggeschichte. | Bondi=J. H. Bondi, Hehr. Lebn- |
| adj. =adjective. adv. =adverb. |  | wörter in Hieroglyphi |
| AE $=$ Aben Ezra. |  | $\mathbf{R}=$ Babylonian \& Orienta |
| AGG $=$ A bhandlungen d. Göttinger | Baen $=$ B. Baentsch. <br> Bühr $=$ K. C. Bähr. Bähr ${ }^{\text {5ymb. }}=$ | Br cord. |
| Gesellach. d. Wissenschaften. | Kahr,Symbolik dea Mosaischen Cultus. | $\mathrm{Br}=\mathrm{C}$. A. Briggs. $\mathrm{Br}^{\mathrm{Com} . \text { Intr. }}=$ Id., General Introduction |
| AGI - Assyrian \& English Glossary, Johns Hopkins University. | BAL =C. Bezold, Babylonisch-Assyrische Literatur. | to the Study of Holy Scripture; $\mathrm{Br}^{\mathrm{He}}$. $=\mathbf{I d}$., Higher Criticism of the |
| AJPh $=$ American Journal of Philo- | B.Aram. - Biblical Aramaic. $\mathrm{BarHeh}(\mathbf{r})=\mathrm{Bar}$ Hebraeus. | Hexateuch; $\mathrm{Br}^{\mathbf{W P}}=\mathbf{I d}$., |
|  |  |  |
| AJSL=American Journal of Semitic Languages. | BAS $=$ Beiträge zur Assyriologie n. Semit. Sprachwissen- | Braundo Vet. execerch. $=$ J. Braunius, Vestitus Sacerdotum He- |
| al. $=$ et aliter, and else | Bau(d) $=$ W. von Baudissin. Bauket | Bra $=$ C. Bredenkam |
| also et alii, and ot | mitischenReligiousge- | Brock = C. Brockelmann, eap. |
| Albr $=\mathrm{K}$. Albrecht. |  | Lexicon S |
| alttest $(\mathrm{am})$. $=$ alttestamentliche $(\mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})$. <br> alw. =always. | schichte; Ban ${ }^{\text {Prestit }}=$ Id., Geschichte des Alttestamentlichen Priesterthums. | $\mathrm{Bu}=\mathrm{K} . \quad$ Budde. $\quad \mathrm{Bu}^{\text {RB }}=I d$. , |
| $\mathrm{Am}=$ Amos. |  | Die biblische |
| Am.J.Sem.Lang. $=$ AJSL, $q \cdot \mathrm{v}$ |  | Urgeschichte. |
| AmRV = American RV. | Bd. $=$ Bäd, q. v. | = Frants Ruhl, esp. as editor |
| Andr $=$ Andreas, Andr $^{11}=Y$ d., in | BD $=$ Baer \& Delitzsch, Heb.Text. | of eds ${ }^{12-14}$ of Geesenins ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Aq $=$ Aquila. | $\mathrm{Be}=\mathrm{E}$. Berthean. |  |
| $\mathbf{A R}=$ Andover Review. | Be | Geographie des Alten |
| Ar. Arabic. | Belsh, = Belshazzar. | Palastina ; Buhl |
| Aram. $=$ Aramaic, Aramsism. | Benn =W. H. Bennett. | Id., Geschichte der Edo- |
| Arch.-Archaeology | Benz $=J$. Benzinger. Benzancel.- | , |
| ARSK = A. R. S. Kennedy. |  | Bur =C. F. Burney. |
| As. $=$ Assyrian | ologie. | Burckh = J. L. Burckhardt, esp. Id |
| Asrb. $=$ Assurbanipal. | Berggren = J. Berggren, Guide Fran-cais-Arabe Vulgaire. | Bur Travels in |
| Asrn. $=$ Assurnasirpal. A.T. = Altes Testament. |  | Bux $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{s}}$ $=$ J. J. Buxtorf. C. Bezold. |
| Ath, =Athenseum (London). | Berliner ${ }^{\text {T.Onlk }}=$ A. Berliner, Targum of Onkelos. |  |
| Av. $=$ Avesta, Avestan. | Berthol = A. Bertholet. | c. =circa, about; also com wit |
| AV =Authorized Versio | BeRy $=$ Bertheau's Comm., ed. byRyssel. | $\mathrm{Ca}=$ C. P. Caspaxi. |
| AW $=$ Abn 'l Walid. |  | Calv $=$ John Calvin. |
| A\&W = Abel \& Winckler, Keil- | Bev - A. A. Bevan. | Cappad. = Cappadocis |
| \% schriftexte, Glossary. | Bez $=$ C. Bezold. | Castell = Edward C |
| ÀZ $=$ Ägyptische | BH = Biblical Hebrew. | Castlo=Castell. |



Dr $\quad=\mathrm{S}$. R. Driver. $\mathrm{Dr}^{\boldsymbol{r}}=I d$
Hebrew Tenses; Dr
Id., Introduct
Intion to Lite
rature of O.T.; Dr Pait.
Id., Pbalter; $\mathrm{D}_{r^{\mathrm{Bm}}}$, or ${ }^{\mathrm{Bam}}$
Dr-Wh = Driver and White, Le
Dt viticus (Hpt.).
$\mathrm{Dt}=$ Deuteronomy.
dub. = dubious, doubtful.
DWAk $=$ Denkechriften der Wien
Dy Akademie d. Wiss.
$=$ J. Dyserinck
$\mathrm{E}=$ Elohist.
$\mathrm{Eb}=\mathbf{G}$. Ebers. $\quad \mathrm{EbAsM}_{\mathrm{A}}^{\mathrm{M}}=\boldsymbol{I d}$ Aegypten $u$. d. Buacber
Mosis; $E \mathrm{E} \cdot \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{Id}$., Durch $E B(i)=\begin{gathered}\text { Gosen zum Sinsi, } \\ \text { Encyclopaedia Biblica, edd }\end{gathered}$ $E B(\mathbf{i})=\underset{\text { Encyclopaedia }}{ }$ Biblica, ed
$\mathrm{Ec}=$ Ecolesiastes.
Ecclus $=$ Ecclesiasticus; Ecclus, Ox-
ford ed., $=$ Heb. Fragford ed. Web. Frag
ments
of Ecclesiasticus edd. Neubauer an
Eg. megyptian.
elsewh. = elsewher
EMey $=\underset{\text { Entutebung }}{\text { Endurd }} \quad$ Meyer, $\quad$ EMey
bung des Judenthums,
Enc.Brit. $=$ Ency., Entstopaungia $J_{\text {, }}$, etc.

 Eng.Tr(ans). = English Trane
Ephr. $=$ Ephraimitic source.
Ephr $(e m)=$ Ephrem Syrus.
Esar. $=$ Esarhaddon.
Esdr. =Esdras.
esp. $=$ especially.
Est $=$ Esther.
Est $=$ Esther.
E.T. $=$ Eng. Tran
Eth. $=$ Ethiopic
Eut $=\mathbf{J}$. Euting. Eut ${ }^{\mathbb{E}}=I d$.,Samm
lung Karthag. Inimririf-
ten; Eut ${ }^{\text {Nab }}=I d$., Naba-
taiiscbe Inschriften; Eut
Sno $=I d$., Sinaitieche In
Slais.cbe $=$ Id., Sinastitieche In-
In
E.V. $=$ Enchriften. $_{\text {sch }}$
E.V. $=$ English Version(s)

Gram.; Ew
rael; $E w^{\mathrm{H}}=I$ d., History


Ew ${ }^{\text {Jahrb }}=1 d$. Jahrb.
bibl. Wissenschaft; Ew
bibl. Wissenschaft; Ew
BTh $=I d_{0}$, Biblische Theo-
logie $;$ Ewnt $_{\text {Ant }}=$ Id., An-
logie $; \mathbf{E w}^{\text {Ant }}=\boldsymbol{I d}$., An-
tiquities
Ex Expuities,
$\underset{\text { exc. }}{\mathrm{Ex}} \mathrm{E}=$ Excedus,
exil. $=$ exile.
$E_{z}$
$=$ Ezekiel
$\frac{\mathrm{k}_{z}}{\mathrm{Ezr}^{2}}=\mathrm{Ezerk}$
f., $f .=$ feminine.
f, or $\mathrm{ff}=$ and following


## ABBREVIATIONS

Gray =G.B.Gray. Gray ${ }^{\text {Prop. M. }}=$ Id., $\mathrm{Gu}=\mathbf{H}$. Guthe, $\begin{gathered}\text { Garely Stan. } \\ \text { Guyard }\end{gathered}$ Guyard, $\mathrm{Gu}^{5}=$ Guyard,
Notes de lexicogr. assy-Guérin-V. Guérin, Description geographique de la PalesGuidi $=\underset{\text { Ignazio }}{\substack{\text { tine } \\ \text { Bedo }}}$ Guidi; GuidiDells Sode $=I d$., Della Sede Primitiva dei Popoli
Semitici. Gunk $=\begin{array}{r}\text { H. Gunkel. } \\ \text { Id., Schöpfung u. } \\ \text { u. Chaos. }\end{array}$ Guy =Stan, Guyard.
兮 $=$ Hebrew (Consonantal Text). H. Hebrew (Consona
H Code of Holiness Haev=Haevernick.
$\mathrm{Hal}_{\mathrm{Ha}}=\mathrm{J}$. Halêvy. $\quad \mathrm{Hal}^{\mathrm{M}}=I$ r.,
Mélanges ; Hal $\quad=I d$.,
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Documents } \\ & \mathrm{Hal}^{M A}=I d .,\end{aligned} \begin{gathered}\text { Religieux } \\ \text { Mission Ar- }\end{gathered}$
chéol. dans le Yémen;
Halks, or $\mathrm{EL} . \operatorname{seb}$ = Id.,
Etudes Sabéennes.
 Hartm Plarillts-bidungen $=$ M. M. Hartungen in den semitischen Sprachen.
Hast $=$ James Hastings. Hast (ings)
of the Bible, ed. James
Hastings.
Habakkuk,
$\mathrm{Hb}=$ Habakkuks,
$\mathrm{Hbr}=$ Hebraica.
$\mathrm{Hbr}=\mathrm{Hebraica}$
HD Derenb $=\mathrm{H}$. Derenbourg.
Heb. $=$ Hebrew.
$\mathbf{H e}(\mathrm{ngst})=\mathbf{E}$, Hengatenber
Herod(oL.) = Herodotus.
$\mathrm{Hex}=\mathrm{Hexateuch}$.
$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{Hg} & =\mathrm{Haggai} . \\ \mathrm{Hi} & =\mathrm{F} . \text { Hitzig. }\end{array}$
Hilg $=$ A. Hilgenfeld.
Hilpr $=$ H. V. Hilprecht.
Hilpr $=$ H. V. Hilprecht.
Hirz $=$ L. Hirzel.
$\underset{\mathrm{H}_{0}}{\mathrm{Hirz}_{2}}=\mathrm{L}$ L Hirzel.
$\mathrm{Ho}=$ Hoses.
Hoff
H
G
Hollm $=$ Gb $=$ W. A.fmann.
$\mathrm{Holz}=\mathbf{H}$. Holzinger.
$\mathrm{Hom}=\mathbf{F}$. Hommel. $H$. ${ }^{\wedge}$ AA, or
Aufsiatze u. Abhandlun-

arabische Chrestomathie;
Hom $^{\mathrm{NB}}=$ Id., Namen
der Siugethiere.
Houb $=$ C. F. Houbigant.
HP $=$ Holmes \& Parsons, Septua-
HPS $=$ H. $_{\text {gint. }}^{\text {in }}$ Smith.
$\mathbf{H p t}=$ Paul Hsupt. $\quad \mathbf{H p t} t^{0}=I d .$,

$\mathrm{Hpt}^{\mathrm{D}}=I d$., Über einen
Dislekt der Sumerischen
Sprache [GGN. 1880,
Nr. 17]; Hpt ${ }^{\mathbf{Z}}=$ Id., E.


Familiengosetzo; Hpt² Lave Beitriige ${ }^{2}{ }^{2 .}$. Ap Nimrodepos ; Hptroi. Ai Or. $=$ Id., Prolegomens to
an Asyrian Grammar:
 richt ; $\mathbf{H p t} \mathbf{z}^{\mathbf{T}}=\boldsymbol{I d} d$, ASKT Akkad \& Sum. Keil-
 Books of the O.T, od.
Hpt (Polychres
HSch $=\mathbf{H}$. Schultz
Hultsch - F. Hultech, Griechische

Hup-Now $=I d$., Psal
men, edd. Riehm, No-

> Idiot. $=$ Idioticon. $\quad i d .=$ idem $\begin{aligned} & \text { Impf. } \\ & \mathbf{I m v}_{0}=\text { Imperfect. } \\ & \text { Imperative }\end{aligned}=$ same (as previous) ind. - indirect.
> indef. $=$ indefinite
> Inf. $=$ Infinitive
> Infr., infr. $=$ infra, below.
> inscr. = inseription(s); Inscr Carpentr. $=$ Inscription of Carpentras.
> intr(ans) $=$ intransitive.
i. $=$ id $q$ quod, i. e. the ame with.
is
> is =Isaiah.
> JA $=$ Jehovist.
> S.int the Royal Asiati

> Acob $=$ G. Jacob. Jacobarach) Dicher =Id., Studien in Arab. Dichtern; Id . Bed Lebtan
Id., Leben der vorisle Id., Leben der voris
mischen Beduinen.
> J. Aram. $=$ Jewish-Aramaic

> JAB $=$ Journal Asiatique.
> $J$ astr $=$ Marcus Jastrow, Dict. of Targumim, Talmud, etc.; also Morris Jastrow, Jr.i $\mathrm{J}_{\mathbf{r}}$., Religion of Baby lonia and Assyria.
> $\mathrm{JAT} . \mathrm{Im}$ Licht $\mathrm{d} .10=$ A. Jeremias, Das
Alte Testament im Licht Alte Testament im
> $\underset{\mathrm{JBL}}{\mathrm{Jb}}=$ Job.
> BL $=$ Journal of Biblical Litera$J B T h=$ Jahreücher \& deutache JDMich $=\mathbf{J}$. D. Michaelis. $\mathrm{Je}=\mathrm{Jeremiah}$
> Jen $=$ P. Jensen. $\mathrm{Jen}^{\mathrm{Coumol}}=I d_{\text {, }}$ Commologie der Baby-
> Jer =Jeromer. salso Jerumalem.
> eram $=$ A. Jeremias
> Jerus $=$ Jerusalem.
> JHC $=$ Johns Hopkins Univ. Circu-
xvi
JHMich=J. H. Michadis JLZ = Jenaer Lit.-Zeitung. Jo =Joel.
Jon =Jonah.
Jos $=$ Joohua.
Jos $^{\text {AtI }}$, Jos $^{\text {ES }}=$ FL
os ${ }^{\text {An }}$, Jos


$\mathbf{J P b}(\mathbf{i l})=\mathbf{J o u r n a l}$ of Philology
$\mathrm{JPTh}=\mathrm{Jahrbilcher}$ für Prot. Theol. JQ $=$ JJwish Quarterly.
$\mathrm{J}_{Y}=$ A. Jeremias, Leben nach JTL dem Tode.
JThS - Journal of Theological
Ju =Judge..
Jud. =Judra, Judman
Jüd. Zeitschr. = Monatsechrift für
Geesch, u. Wiss. des Ju-
juss = juserive
K - E. Kautzsch (in B. Aram. Appendix). $\quad \mathbf{K}^{\prime}=1$ di., $^{\prime}$ Gramm. d. bibl. Aram.; $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{im}}^{\text {Aram.T. }}=1$. ., A ramsismen

$$
1 \mathrm{~K}, 2 \mathrm{~K}=1 \& 2 \text { King }
$$

Kam. =al-Kamus (Arab. Dict.), by
KAT ${ }^{2}-$ E Sl-Firuzabibadi
KAT $^{2}$ me E. Schrader, Keilingchr. u. d. Alte Testament. KAT ${ }^{3}$ Winckler and $\mathbf{H}$, bird


Gram ${ }^{2} ; \mathrm{Kau}^{5}=I d$. Gram. d. bibl Aram. Annu. $; \mathrm{Kau}^{\wedge T}=$ Die Heiligen Schriften d. Alten Testaments,
$\mathbf{K a u}^{\mathbf{M N}}=\boldsymbol{I d}$., Mittheilungen $u$. Nachrichten d
DPV, 1904; Kal (Soma Kay $=\mathbf{W}$. Kıc. $=$ =
KB $=$ E. Schrader, Keilinschriftl

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ke =C. F. Keil } \\
& \text { Kemn =B. Kennicot }
\end{aligned}
$$

Kennedy = (uвu.) A. R.S. Kennedy
KG $=$ ESchrader, Die Keilinechr
und die Geschichtsfor-
kg. $=$ king.

Kiep $($ ert $)=$ H.
Kirkp
A. A.
Kit R Kittel Kilrick
Kit $=$ R. Kittel. Kil ${ }_{\text {dit }}^{\text {DI }} \simeq$ Di, Jeasia,,
$=$ Kit, Geschichte de



$\mathbf{K m p}_{\mathbf{m p}}=\mathbf{A}$. Kamphan
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{A}$. Knobel.

## ABBREVIATIONS


正


## ABBREVIATIONS

Ol $=\mathbf{J}$. Olehausen. $\quad \mathrm{OH}=\mathbf{I d}$., OLZ $=$ Orientalische LiteraturzeitOnk $=$ Targum of Onkelos. Oort $=\mathbf{H}$. Oort.
OP (ers.) =Old Persian. OP also (in Che ${ }^{\text {OPP }}$ ) $=$ Origin of Psalter.
opp. =opposite, as opposed to, or
Opp(ert) $=$ Jules Oppert
Opp(ert $)=J$ ules Oppert.
Or(elli) $=C$. von Orelli.
$\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{B}}$-E. Osiander.
OT =Old Testament.
Ót $=$ S. Öttli.
P =Priesta' Code or Narrative. Pal(est). $=$ Palestine, Paleatinian, etc. PAOS. =Proceedingsof the American
Pap. $=\begin{array}{r}\text { Oriental Society. } \\ \text { Papyrus, }\end{array}$
Pap. $=$ Papyrus
part. $=$ particle.
part. $=$ particle
pass. $=$ passive
PB $=$ Procee
$\mathrm{PB}=\begin{gathered}\text { Proceedings of } \mathrm{Soc} \text {, of Bib. } \\ \text { Archaeol. }\end{gathered}$
$\mathrm{Pe}=$ J. J. S. Perowne
PEF = Pal. Explor. Fund, nsu. Id., Quart. Statem'nt. PEF
Pei =F. E. Peiser.,
Perles $=$ F. Perles. Perles (Ans.) $=$ Id., Analekten.
pers. = person, personae.
Pers, $=$ Persian.
PESoc $=$ American Paleatine Explor.
Pf. $\quad$ Society.
Pf. $\quad$ Prerfect.
Ph. $=$ Phenician.
Pietschm =R. Pietschmann (also Pietschm ${ }^{\text {Phenon(L) }), ~ o r ~}$ orechi. Ph.) - (uru.) Id., Ge-
schichte Phöniziens.

## Pinsk $=$ S. Pinsker

pl.
Plin $^{\mathrm{HN}}=$ plural.
$=$ Pliny, Hist. Nat
POS = Proceeding Am. Orient.
Post $=$ G. E.E. Post. Post ${ }^{\text {Plora }}=I d$.,

## postB $=$ post-Biblical.

post $\mathrm{p}=$ post-Biblica
post-pos, = post-positive.
$\mathrm{Pr}_{\mathrm{r}}=$ Proverbs.
 Id., Amharische Sprache;
Neue Beitriäge zur Erklärung der Himjarischen Inschriften. PRE = Herzog's Prot. Real-Encycl. (New York).
Prol $=$ Prolegoruens.
PS $\mathrm{Ps}=\mathrm{Paalms}, \mathrm{P}$ salmen

xvii
$\mathrm{pt}(\mathrm{cp})$ ) $=$ participle.
Ptol $=$ Plolemy (usu. Claudius
Ptolemy).
Plemy
Pasudius
punct. $=$ punctuation.
Qor $=$ Qoran.
$\mathrm{qu} . \quad=$ Question $^{\text {q. }}$
q.v. $=$ quod vide.
qy. -query.
 teuch). $\mathbf{R}^{\mathrm{D}}$
mic redactor.

Inscr. of Wester
(H. Rawlinson).
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { RA } & =\text { Revue Archéologique. } \\ \text { Rs } & =\text { Rashi. }\end{array}$
Rs $=$ Rashi.
rd.
$=$ read.
rdg. = reading.
$R d^{\prime} A=$ Revue d'Aseyriologie.
$\mathrm{Re}_{\mathrm{e}}=\mathbf{E}$. Renan.
Reckend $=$ S. Reckendorf.
refl.
$=$ reflexive
ref. = reflexive.
Rel $=$ H. Reland.

Rev.Bib. $=$ Revue Biblique

Ro wörterb. d. bibl. Alterth.
Rö
Rob
$=\mathbf{E}$ E. Rëdiger.
Rob =E. Robinoon. Rob ${ }_{\text {BR }}^{\text {Biblical Researches. }}$ - Ill,
Rob-Ges. - Gesenium, Hebrew an
lated by E. Robinnon.
Roo =T. Roorda.
Rosenm = E. F. C. Rosenmüller.
Rothst $=$ W. Rothstein
$R^{2(1)}=$ Records of $P_{\text {ast, }}$ and (rst)
RS $=$ W. Robertson Smith. RS oTJ0 $=I d$., Uld Testament
in Jewish Church; RS in Jewibh Church; RS
Proph. $=\boldsymbol{l} \cdot \mathrm{l}$, Prophets of Israel ; $\mathrm{RSK}{ }^{\mathrm{K}}=\mathrm{Id}$., Kinship \& Marriage in Early
Arabia ; RSSemi $=$ Id., Religion of Semites.
$\mathrm{RTr}=$ Recuei
$\mathrm{Ru}=\mathrm{Ruth}$.
RV $=$ Revised Version.
RVm $=$ Revised Version margin.
RWB $=$ Bibl. Realwöterbuch, ed.
Ry $=\mathbf{V}$ Ryer.
© $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Syriac } \\ \text { Clur-Pal. Evaion, } \\ \text { Evang. }{ }^{\text {Jorum }} \\ \text { (Lar }\end{gathered}$ garde).
$1 \mathrm{~S}, 3 \mathrm{~S}=1 \& 2$ Samuel
Saad = Arabic Version of Saadya.
SabDenkm = Sabainsche Denkmäler,
$\mathrm{SAC}=$ edani Mordtmann\& Müller.

$\quad$ Aramaic Glosary.
Sam. $=$ Samarim, Samaritan (rarely
=Samuel).
Sarg $=$ Sargon.
xviii
SahoSpr =Saho Sprache.
SASm=S. A. Smith
Say =A. H. Sayce. Say Mosuments $=$ Id, Higher Criticiem
and the Monuments : Say and the Monuments; Ssy
Ral. Rab. $=$ Id., Religion of Ral. Rat. $=$ Id., Religion of SB $=$ SBAby.
SBAK=Sitzungsbericht d. Berl.
Akalemie der Wissen-
$\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{C}^{\text {Pana }}=$ A. H. Sayce and A. E.
$S^{S-C^{\text {rimp }}=}=\underset{\text { A. Howley, Aram. Papyri. }}{ }$
Sch $=$ F. W. Schultz. Arisches in A.T.; Scheft AcwJ =Id., Monatseschrift für Gesch. u. Wiss. d. Jud. (1903); also pub
separately (Scheft
Schenkel ${ }^{\mathrm{BL}} \stackrel{\text { Bepara }}{=}=\mathrm{D}$. Schenkel, Bibel-
Schl (ottm) $=$ C. Schlottmann.
Schröd, Schroed=P. Schröder, esp
Id., Phönizische Sprache
Schu $=$ A. Schuitens.
Schü $=$ E. Schürer, Gesch. des jüdiJesu Christi.
Schulth $=\mathbf{F}$. Schulthe
Schulth Hom Wurz $=$ Id., Homony-
mische Wurzeln im Syrischen; Schulth Lex. $=$ Id. Lexicon d. Chr. Pal
Schw =F.Schwally. Schw(ally) ${ }^{\text {taiot }}$. $=I$ Id., Ilioticon d. Chr.
Seetzen Retore =Seetzen, Reiven durch Syrien,
${ }_{\text {Sen }}^{\text {sen }}=$ Sennacherib
Sendech. $=$ Sendschirli (Zinjirli).
sf. $=$ suffix, or with suffix.
sg. $=$ singular.
Shim
=Shalmaneser
SI $=$ Siloam Inscription
si vera $1,=s i$ vera lectio.
Siegf =C. Siegfried.
sim. $=$ simile.
SK =Studien u. Kritiken.
Sm $\quad=$ R. Smend (rarely $=$ Samuel
Bmmend (rarel $\mathrm{F}=$ Samuel)
Rent $=$ Smend, Alt testamentliche Religfonsgeschichte; $\mathrm{Sm}^{\text {Limen }}=$ Id.,
Listen der Bücher Esra Listen der Bücher Esr
$\mathrm{So}(\mathrm{c})=$ A. Socin.
$\mathrm{Spi}_{\mathrm{pi}}=$ W. Spitta. $\mathrm{Spi}^{\mathrm{S}}=\mathrm{Gram}$. d.

Altpersieche Keilinschrifo
Spiegelb=W. Spiegelberg.
Spr $=$ Sprache, or Spriche.
$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{mq} & =\text { followed by } \\ \mathrm{SS} & =\text { C. Siegried u. B. Stave }\end{array}$
Hebraisches Worterbuch
St $=$ H. Steiner.

## ABBREVIATIONS

Str $=$ B. Stade ; Sta $=$ Id., Heb Gram.; Sta ${ }^{\text {Geechh. }}=I d$., Geachic
Steind $=G$. Steindorff.
Steuern = C. Steuernagel
Str $=$ H. L. Strack. Str $^{6}=I d$.,
Strassm = foll.
Strm $=\mathbf{J}$. Strassmaier. $\operatorname{Strm}^{\wedge \mathbf{v}}=\boldsymbol{I d}$.,
ats $=$ sometime
Stu =G. Studer.
Stud.Bib. $=$ Studia Biblica
subst. = substantive.
Sum(er). $=$ Sumerian.
supr, su,
Surenh $=\mathbf{W}$. Surenhusius, Mishna.
Survey, $\begin{aligned} & \text { Survey } \\ & \text { WP } \\ & \text { WesternPalestine } \\ & \text { SEF }\end{aligned}$ SU ; ; Survey ${ }^{E P}=1$ Id of Eastern Survey
Palestine.
Symm $=$ Symma
Syr. $=$ Syriac.
T $=$ Targum
t. (following a number) $=$ times. al-'Arǘs (Arab. Dict.). Talm $=$ Talmud .
Tariff=Palmyrene 'Tariff InscripTB, TBA $=$ Transactions of the Society of Biblical ArchaeTelAin. $=$ TA, q.v.
 $T h(e)=0$. Thenius,
Theod $=$ Theodotion.
Theophr = Theophrastus; Theophr de Plantis, IC., Historia
Thes $=\mathbf{W}$. Gesenius, Thesaurus
Thes ${ }^{\text {Add. }}=I d$. Lingue He Hebraeac.
ThT $=$ Theologisch Tijdschrift. ThLB $=$ Theol. Literaturblatt. ThLZ $=$ Theol. Literaturzeitung. Tiele =C. P. Tiele.
Tiph.
To Tiphel (rare conjugation).
To $=$ Tobler.
$\mathbf{T P}=$ Tiglath-Pileser
$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Tpg} . & =\text { Topography. } \\ \mathrm{Tr} & =\text { Transactiong }\end{aligned}$
tr. $=$ translate (translated, translation); rarely $=$ transi$\operatorname{trang}(\mathrm{it}) .=$ trangitive
Tristr $=$ H, B. Tristram. Tristr ${ }^{\text {NH }}$ $=1 d .$, Natural History o the Blble; TristrPrP $=1 d$, Fauna and Flora of Pales
tine (Survey, Memoirs). $\begin{aligned} & \text { TSBA }=\text { TB, } q . v . \\ & \text { TSW }\end{aligned}=$ Theol. Studien aus Würt TTidechr tembery.
TTjdschr - ThT, q.v
$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Tu} & =\mathrm{F} . \text { Tuc } \\ \text { txt. } & =\text { text. }\end{aligned}$
txt.err, m textual error.

Univ.Pa.Exp. $=$ Bab. Exped. of the
Univ. of P'ennsylvanis. usu. =usual, ueually
$\mathfrak{B}=$ Vulgate.
v
vand. $\mathrm{H} .=$ verse; v. van der Hooght, Heb
text of O.T.
var. $=$ variant reading.
VB $=$ Variorum Bible.
vb $=$ verb.
$v d$ Velde $=\mathbf{C}$. $\mathbf{W}$. M. van de Velde esp. Id., Reis door Syrie
en Paleatina; E. T., Narrative of a Journe raine of a
through Syria and Pales-
tine
vdVelde
 pany Map of to Holy Land constructed by C.W. M
vid. $=$ vide, see.
vir. $=$ viri, of a man.
Vog.
$=$ C. J. M. de Vūé, Syrie Vogelst $\begin{gathered}\text { Cendminthich. } \\ \text {. }\end{gathered}=\mathbf{H}$. Vogelstein, Landwirthschaft in Pa vOU Mi̊năh
$\mathrm{VOJ}=$ Vienna Oriental Journal
= Wiener Zeitschrift für
landes)
Vras $=$ Old Versions
Vulg.Ar. $=$ Vulgar Arabic.
Vulers $=$ Persico-Latinum, . .
$\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{W}$. Wright. $\quad \mathbf{W A G}^{\text {AG }}=I d$.
ArahicGram.; Wec,or ${ }^{\text {co }}$
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{a} h r m}=\mathrm{A}$. Wahrmund, esp. $I$. . $\mathbf{W A W}=\mathbf{W}$. Aldis Wright.
wd . =word, also would.
Wellhausen. We ${ }^{\text {Bl. Elon, }}$
$=$ Ild, Bleek's Einleitung
in d. A.T.; We Comp. $=$ Id ind. A.T.; We ${ }^{\text {Comp. }}=$ Id., Composition des Hexs
teuchs $; W e^{\text {do }}$ gent. $=I d$. De gentibus et familii)
Uedseis; ${ }^{\text {Henthum }}=I$ Rest Arahischen Hee Renthums
 Hist. $=I$ Id., History of Irrael
(trans. by Black); We
Prol. (trans. by Black); We
$=1 d$. Prol Prolegomens
zur Geschichte laraels; W Vorarbeiten.
Weissb $=\mathbf{F}$. H. Weiesbach
Wetzst=J. G. Wetzstein.
wi. $=$ with, construed with
Wi. $=$ with, construed with.
Id., $\quad$ Sammlung

Wilk son, Anciont G. Wikin
WisdLt $=$ Wisdom Literature. $\mathbf{W k l}=\mathrm{H}$. Winckler.

BDB abbreviations (public domain from https://en.wikisource.org/)

## ABBREVIATIONS

WMM $=$ W. Max Mis. Eurlog., or As.ien - Id., Asien n. Europa.
Wr $=$ C. H. H. Wrig
Wui $=$ A. Wünsche.
WZKM = VOJ, q.v.
Xen(oph). $=$ Xenophon.
Z $\quad=$ Zeitschrift.
ZA $=$ Zeitschr. für Assyriologie.
ZAW $=\mathbf{Z}$. f. alttest. Wissenschaft,
$\mathrm{Zc}=$ Zecharish.
ZEthnol, $=$ Zeitschrift für Ethno-
 Babylonische Bussusalmen.
Zinj. =Inscriptions of Zinjirli (N.
ZK $=\mathbf{Z}$. fur Keilechriftforschung. ZKM $=$ Z. f. Kunde d. MorgenZKW, or ZKWL

Wise $=$ Z. f. kirchl. Wiss. und kirchl. Le-
ben.
ZLuth.Th. $=$ Z. für
Theologie. $\mathbf{Z M G}=$ Z. d. deutsch. Morgenländ. $Z_{\ddot{u}}=0$. Zöckler.
$\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ Zephaniah

ZPV $=$ Z. d. deutsch. Pal. - Vereins. ölkerpsych. $=\mathbf{Z}$. für Vülker

ZWiss.Th. $=\mathbf{Z}$. für Wissenschaftliche Theologie.
< over a letter, indicates the accented (tone-)syllable.

+ prefixed, or added, or both, indicates 'All passages cited.'
to bes that the preceding is lowing.
$<$ indicates that the following is to be preferred to the preceding.
II parallel, of words (synonymous or contrasted) ; also of passages ;
sometimes $=$ 'see parallel, or sometimes $=$ 'see parallel,' so also in paraile
+ plus, denotes often that other psasages, etc., might le cited. So also where the forms of verbs, nouns, and adjectives are illustrated by citations, near the beginning of articles; commonly indicates that other forms of the word oecur, which it has not been thought worth
while to cite.
[] indicates that the form, elc., enclosed, is not actually found, or that the Hebrew offers no positive proof; e. g. n. [m.] sumsbly masculine, though the gender is not clearly exhibited in Hebrew.
$\checkmark$ = root or stem
' = sign of abbreviation (in Hebrew words).
心 often = אלֹה M, Elohim
/ וֹגוַַֹר = =et caetera (in Hebrew quotations).
$',=$ Yahweh.
a beneath a Hebrew word reprosenta any accent that occasions vowel change.

Nore. Scripture citations in small superior letters and figures, following n.m. or n.t., refer to is exhibited. Small inferior figurea following Hebrew words, names of conjugations, etc., denote the (approximate) number of occurrences of such worde, conjugations, etc.

